

Ref. No. DU/DR-A/6-1/22/225

Date: 14.03.2022

NOTIFICATION

As recommended by the Board of Studies (Under Graduate), meeting held on 09.03.2022, Centre for Studies in Geography, Dibrugarh University, the Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor i/c, Dibrugarh University is pleased to approve the minor modifications in the existing syllabus of B.A. / B. Sc. (Honours) Programme in Geography under CBCS with immediate effect.

Changes has been made as under -

1. Modification of distribution of Credits and Marks (from Page 5 to page 10).

2. Content of Political Geography (DSE3 (6C) GGRM DSE 601BT6) included in page 44.

3. Modification of the Course No: C-14: GGRM602T6

This Course is divided into theory and practical in the following marks pattern

Theory: 53+13=66

Practical 27+7=34

The new Paper name and codes are as follow:

Disaster Management (Theory): C-14: GGRM602T6

Disaster Management based Project Work (Practical): C-14:GGRM602P6

The above is notified under report to the next meeting of the Under Graduate Board, Dibrugarh University.

Issued with due approval.

Modified Syllabus is attached herewith as Annexure – I.

(Dr. B. C. Borah)

Joint Registrar (Academic),

Dibrugarh University.

Copy to:

- 1. The Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor i/c, Dibrugarh University.
- 2. The Deans, Dibrugarh University.
- 3. The Registrar, Dibrugarh University.
- 4. The Chairperson, Centre for Studies in Geography, Dibrugarh University, for information and needful.
- 5. To All Principals / Directors of the Colleges / Institutions affiliated to / permitted by the Dibrugarh University, for information please.
- 6. The Controller of Examinations, Dibrugarh University, for information and needful.

7. The Academic Officer, Dibrugarh University, for information and needful.

8. The Programmer, Dibrugarh University. He is requested to upload the Notification on the D.U. Website accordingly.

9. Files.

Joint Registrar (Academic),
Dibrugarh University.

UNDER DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY

BA/Sc. GEOGRAPHY SYLLABUS (HONORS COURSE)



SYLLABUS FOR BA/B.Sc. IN GEOGRAPHY HONORS COURSE

(UNDER CBCS SYSTEM)

B.A./**B.Sc.** Geography (Honors)

Semester	Paper	Prescribed core COURSE
1	C1	Geomorphology and Biogeography
	C2	Climatology
2	C3	Human Geography
	C4	Geography of India
3	C5	Cartography
	C6	Regional Geography of World
	C7	Statistical Methods in Geography
4	C8	Economic Geography
	С9	Environmental Geography
	C10	Remote Sensing and GIS
5	C11	Regional Planning and Development
	C12	Population Geography
6	C13	Evolution of Geographic Thought
	C14	Disaster Management and Field Visit

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE (SEC) (2c) General Structure: (As per recommendations)

Semester	Paper Structure	Papers available for selection
III	SEC 1.1 (2c)	Remote sensing (practical)Advanced spatial statistical techniques
IV	SEC 1.2 (2c)	 Geographic information system (practical) Research methods (practical)

ELECTIVE DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC (DSE) (6c) General Structure:

Semester	Paper	Papers available for selection
V	DSE – 1	1. Settlement Geography
		2. Resource geography
	DSE – 2	3. Urban geography
		4. Agricultural geography
VI	DSE – 3	5. Geography of Health and wellbeing
		6. Political geography
	DSE – 4	7. Hydrology and oceanography
		8. Social geography

ELECTIVE GENERIC (GE) (6c) General Structure:

Semester	Paper	
I	GE – 1:	 Disaster management Geography of tourism
	GE - 2:	3. Spatial information technology
II		4. Regional development
III	GE – 3:	5. Climate change: vulnerability and adaptation6. Rural development
IV	GE – 4:	7. Industrial geography8. Sustainable development

SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN BA/B. Sc. HONOURS IN GEOGRAPHY (CBCS)

Sem	Core Course (14)	Course code	AECC (2)	Course code	SEC (2)	Course code	DSE (4)	Course code	GE (4)	Course code
1	C1		AECC1- 2C						GE-	
	C2		AECC2- 2C							
2	C3		AECC3-						GE-	
	C4		4C						2	
3	C5				SEC				GE-	
	C6				1				3	
	C7									
4	C8				SEC				GE4	
	C9				2					
	C10									
5	C11						DSE			
							1			
	C12						DSE			
							2			
6	C13						DSE3		_	
	C14			-			DSE4	-		

SEMESTER I

	Course	Paper code	Title of the Course		Credit			Marks I	Distrib	ution	
			Course	Th	Prac	Total	The	ory	Pra	ctical	Total
							End Sem	In- Sem	End Sem	In- Sem	
1 st		GGRM	Geomorphology	4			53	13			
Sem		101T4	and Bio Geography			6					100
		GGRM	Geomorphic		2				27	7	
	C1	101P2	techniques								
		GGRM	Climatology	4			53	13			
	C2	102T4				6					100
		GGRM	Practical's based		2				27	7	
		102P2	on climatic data								
		GGRM	Disaster	6			80	20			
	GE 1(6C)	GE101AT6	management								
	1(00)	GGRM	Geography of	6		6	80	20			100
		GE101BT6	Toursim								
		Total				18					300

SEMESTER II

	Course	Paper code	Title of the Course		Credit			Marks 1	Distrib	ution	
		code		Th	Prac	Total	The	ory	Pra	ctical	Total
							End Sem	In- Sem	End Sem	In- Sem	
2nd Sem		GGRM 201T6	Human geography	6		6	80	20			100
	C3										
	C4	GGRM 202T4	Geography of India	4		6	53	13			100
		GGRM 202P2	Practical		2				27	7	
	GE2 (6C)	GGRM GE201 AT6	Spatial information technology	6		6	80	20			100
		GGRM GE201 BT6	Regional development	6			80	20			
	Tot	al				18					300

SEMESTER III

	Course	Paper code	Title of the Course		Credit			Marks 1	Distrib	ution	
		code		Th	Prac	Total	The	ory	Prac	ctical	Total
							End Sem	In- Sem	End Sem	In- Sem	
3rd Sem		GGRM 301T4	Cartography	4		6	53	13			100
	~-	GGRM 301P2	Cartographic Techniques		2				27	7	
	C5										
	C6	GGRM 302T6	Regional Geography of World	6		6	80	20			100
	C7	GGRM 303T6	Statistical methods in geography	6		6	80	20			100
	GE3 (6C)	GGRM GE301 AT6	Climate change: vulnerability and adaptation	6			80	20			
						6					100
		GGRM GE301 BT6	Rural development	6			80	20			
	SEC 1- 4C		Remote sensing (practical)	4		4	24	6			30
		GGRM SEC30 1BP2	Advanced spatial statistical techniques	4			24	6			
	Tot	al				28					430

SEMESTER IV

	Course	Paper code	Title of the Course		Credit		Marks Distribution					
		code		Th	Prac	Total	The	ory	Pra	ctical	Total	
							End Sem	In- Sem	End Sem	In- Sem		
4th Sem		GGRM	Economic Geography	6			80	20				
Sem	C8	401T6	Geography			6					100	
		GGRM		6			80	20				
	C9	402T6	Geography			6					100	
	С	GGRM	Remote Sensing and GIS	4			53	13				
	10	403T4										
		GGRM 403P2	Remote Sensing and GIS Practical		2	6			27	7	100	
	GE4	GGRM GE401	Industrial Geography	6			80	20				
	(6C)	AT6										
		GGRM		6		6	80	20			100	
		GE401 BT6	Development									
		GGRM	Geographical	4			24	6				
	4C	SEC40	Information System (Practical)									
		1AP2				4					30	
		GGRM	Research Methods Practical	4			24	6				
		SEC40 1BP2	Tractical									
	Tot	al				28					430	

SEMESTER V

	Course	Paper code	Title of the Course		Credit			Marks l	Distrib	ution	
		code		Th	Prac	Total	The	ory	Pra	ctical	Total
							End Sem	In- Sem	End Sem	In- Sem	
5 th		GGRM	Regional Planning	4			53	13			
Sem		501T4	and Development			6					100
		GGRM	Regional Planning		2				27	7	
	C11	501P2	and Development- Practical								
		GGRM	Population	4			53	13			
	C12	502T4	Geography			6					100
		GGRM	Population		2				27	7	
		502P2	Geography- Practical								
	DSE1	GGRM DSE501	Settlement	6			80	20			
	(6C)	AT6	Geography								
		GGRM	Resource	6		6	80	20			100
		DSE501	Geography								
		BT6									
	DSE 2	GGRM	Urban Geography	6			80	20			
	(6C)	DSE502 AT6									
		GGRM	Agricultural	6		6	80	20			100
		DSE502	_								
		BT6									
	То	tal				24					400

SEMESTER VI

	Course	Paper code	Title of the Course		Credit			Marks l	Distrib	ution	
		code		Th	Prac	Total	The	ory	Pra	ctical	Total
							End Sem	In- Sem	End Sem	In- Sem	
6 th Sem	C13	GGRM 601T6		6		6	80	20			100
	C14	GGRM 602T6	Disaster Management	4		6	53	13			100
		GGRM 602P6	Disaster Management based Project Work		2				27	7	100
	DSE3 (6C)	GGRM DSE 601AT 6	Geography of Health and Well being	6		6	80	20			100
		GGRM DSE 601BT 6	Political Geography	6			80	20			
	DSE 4 (6C)	GGRM DSE 602AT 6	Hydrology and Oceanography	6			80	20			100
		GGRM DSE 602BT 6	Social Geography	6		6	80	20			
	Tot	al				24					400

SEMESTER I

COURSE C1 (Theory) 84 GGRM 101T4: GEOMORPHOLOGY AND BIO GEOGRAPHY

84 Hours / lectures

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students comprehend the various processes responsible for the development of diverse landforms on the earth surface. The candidate will also

learn how the natural surrounding and human activities are responsible for the distribution of plants and animals.)

Units	L	T	P
1. Geomorphology: Nature and Scope.	1	1	-
2. Earth: Interior Structure and Isostasy.	4	1	-
3. Earth Movements: Plate Tectonics, Types of Folds and Faults, Earthquakes and Volcanoes.	6	2	-
4. Geomorphic Processes: Weathering, Mass Wasting, Cycle of Erosion (Davis and Penck).	6	2	-
5. Evolution of Landforms (Erosional and Depositional): Fluvial, Karst, Aeolian, Glacial, and Coastal.	8	3	-
6. Definition, scope and significance of Bio Geography	3	1	-
7. World distribution of plants and its relation to soil, climate and human activities	5	2	-
8. World distribution of animals and its relation with vegetation, climate and Human activities	5	1	-
9. Soil – soil forming processes, classification and distribution of soil, soil horizon and profile, soil erosion and conservation. Importance of soil, major soil types of India and Assam	4	1	_

Reading List

1. Bloom A. L., 2003: Geomorphology: A Systematic Analysis of Late Cenozoic Landforms, Prentice-Hall of

India, New Delhi.

- 2. Bridges E. M., 1990: World Geomorphology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 3. Christopherson, Robert W., (2011), Geosystems: An Introduction to Physical Geography, 8 Ed.,

Macmillan Publishing Company

- 4. Kale V. S. and Gupta A., 2001: *Introduction to Geomorphology*, Orient Longman, Hyderabad.
- 5. Knighton A. D., 1984: Fluvial Forms and Processes, Edward Arnold Publishers, London.
- 6. Richards K. S., 1982: Rivers: Form and Processes in Alluvial Channels, Methuen, London.
- 7. Selby, M.J., (2005), Earth's Changing Surface, Indian Edition, OUP
- 8. Skinner, Brian J. and Stephen C. Porter (2000), *The Dynamic Earth: An Introduction to physical Geology*,
- 4th Edition, John Wiley and Sons
- 9. Thornbury W. D., 1968: Principles of Geomorphology, Wiley.
- 10.Gautam, A (2010): Bhautik Bhugol, Rastogi Punlications, Meerut
- 11. Tikkaa, R N (1989): Bhautik Bhugol ka Swaroop, Kedarnath Ram Nath, Meerut
- 12. Singh, S (2009): Bhautik Bhugol ka Swaroop, Prayag Pustak, Allahabad
- 13. Bhattacharyya, N.N.: Biogeography
- 14. Mahanta, A. P.: Biogeography

Course C1 GGRM 101P2: GEOMORPHIC TECHNIQUES (PRACTICAL)

28 Hours

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students understand the various morphometric techniques used in drainage analysis. The students will also about the various slope analysis techniques and uses of different types of scale.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Geomorphic	1. Cartography – Nature and Scope.	2	-	1
Techniques	2. Scales – Concept and application;	3	-	2
	Graphical Construction of Plain, Comparative			
	and Diagonal			
	Scales.			
	3.Topographical Map – Interpretation of a		-	4
	Mountain area with the help of Cross and			
	Longitudinal Profiles.			
	4. Morphometric Analysis: Drainage ordering,	3	-	4
	basin area demarcation, drainage density,			
	Bifurcation ratio.			
	5. Slope Analysis – Wentworth's method and	2	-	4
	Smith's Method.			

Practical Record: A Project File in pencil, comprising one exercise *each*, on scale, map projection, interpretation of topographic sheet and slope analysis.

- 1. Anson R. and Ormelling F. J., 1994: *International Cartographic Association: Basic Cartographic Vol.* Pregmen Press.
- 2. Gupta K.K. and Tyagi, V. C., 1992: Working with Map, Survey of India, DST, New Delhi.
- 3. Mishra R.P. and Ramesh, A., 1989: Fundamentals of Cartography, Concept, New Delhi.
- 4. Monkhouse F. J. and Wilkinson H. R., 1973: Maps and Diagrams, Methuen, London.
- 5. Rhind D. W. and Taylor D. R. F., (eds.), 1989: *Cartography: Past, Present and Future*, Elsevier, International Cartographic Association.
- 6. Robinson A. H., 2009: Elements of Cartography, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 7. Sharma J. P., 2010: *Prayogic Bhugol*, Rastogi Publishers, Meerut.
- 8. Singh R. L. and Singh R. P. B., 1999: *Elements of Practical Geography*, Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Sarkar, A. (2015) Practical geography: A systematic approach. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi
- 10. Singh R L & Rana P B Singh(1991) Prayogtmak Bhugol ke Mool Tatva, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi
- 11. Sharma, J P (2010) Prayogtmak Bhugol ki Rooprekha, Rastogi Publications, Meerut
- 12. Singh, R L & Dutta, P K (2012) PrayogatmakBhugol, Central Book Depot, Allahabad

Course C2 GGRM 102T4 CLIMATOLOGY (Theory)

56 hours

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware of the composition of atmosphere and various climatic processes. The students will also learn about various factors responsible for the climatic disturbances.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Climatology	1. Atmospheric Composition and Structure –	6	3	
	Variation with Altitude, Latitude and Season.			
	2. Insolation and Temperature – Factors and	9	3	
	Distribution, Heat Budget, Temperature			
	Inversion.			
	3. Atmospheric Pressure and Winds – Planetary	9	3	
	Winds, Forces affecting Winds, General			
	Circulation, Jet Streams.			
	4. Atmospheric Moisture – Evaporation,	11	3	
	Humidity, Condensation, Fog and Clouds,			
	Precipitation Types, Stability and Instability;			
	Climatic Regions (Koppen)			
	5. Cyclones – Tropical Cyclones, Extra Tropical	7	2	
	Cyclones, Monsoon - Origin and Mechanism.			

- 1. Barry R. G. and Carleton A. M., 2001: Synoptic and Dynamic Climatology, Routledge, UK
- 2. Barry R. G. and Corley R. J., 1998: *Atmosphere, Weather and Climate*, Routledge, New York.
- 3. Critchfield H. J., 1987: General Climatology, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi
- 4. Lutgens F. K., Tarbuck E. J. and Tasa D., 2009: *The Atmosphere: An Introduction to Meteorology*, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
- 5. Oliver J. E. and Hidore J. J., 2002: *Climatology: An Atmospheric Science*, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 6. Trewartha G. T. and Horne L. H., 1980: An Introduction to Climate, McGraw-Hill.
- 7. Gupta L S(2000): Jalvayu Vigyan, Hindi Madhyam Karyanvay Nidishalya, Delhi Vishwa Vidhyalaya, Delhi
- 8. Lal, DS (2006): Jalvayu Vigyan, Prayag Pustak Bhavan, Allahabad
- 9. Vatal, M (1986): Bhautik Bhugol, Central Book Depot, Allahabad
- 10. Singh, S (2009): Jalvayu Vigyan, Prayag Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad

Course C2 GGRM 102P2: PRACTICALS BASED ON CLIMATIC DATA

28 hours

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students gain knowledge of the various weather symbols and to prepare graphs based on climatic data. The students will also find out the variability in the distribution of rainfall and the factors responsible for such variation in the pattern of rainfall.)

	Contents	L	Т	Р
Practical's Based	1.Study of weather symbols	2		4
On Climatic Data	2. Indian daily weather map interpretation	4		4
	for the summer and winter seasons.			
	3.Representation of climatic data:	6		8
	(a) Preparation of Climograph,			
	Hythergraph and Ergograph and their			
	interpretation			
	(b) Preparation of rainfall variability map			
	of Assam			

GGRM201T6: HUMAN GEOGRAPHY (Theory) 84hours

(The objective of this paper is to introduce the major themes of human geography and its importance in present days. The students will also learn about population growth and factors responsible for uneven distribution of population in the world. The student will also gain knowledge about the population resource relationship and various types of settlement pattern.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Human	1. Introduction: Defining Human	8	4	
Geography	Geography; Major Themes; Contemporary			
	Relevance			
	2. Space and Society: Cultural Regions;	12	6	
	Race; Religion and Language			
	3. Population: Population Growth and	15	7	
	Distribution; Population Composition;			
	Demographic			
	Transition Theory			
	4. Settlements: Types of Rural	15	7	
	Settlements; Classification of Urban			
	Settlements; Trends and			
	Patterns of World Urbanization			
	5. Population-Resource Relationship	6	4	

- 1. Chandna, R.C. (2010) Population Geography, Kalyani Publisher.
- 2. Hassan, M.I. (2005) Population Geography, Rawat Publications, Jaipur
- 3. Daniel, P.A. and Hopkinson, M.F. (1989) The Geography of Settlement, Oliver & Boyd, London.
- 4. Johnston R; Gregory D, Pratt G. et al. (2008) The Dictionary of Human Geography, Blackwell Publication.
- 5. Jordan-Bychkov et al. (2006) The Human Mosaic: A Thematic Introduction to Cultural Geography. W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- 6. Kaushik, S.D. (2010) Manav Bhugol, Rastogi Publication, Meerut.
- 7. Maurya, S.D. (2012) Manav Bhugol, Sharda Pustak Bhawan. Allahabad.
- 8. Hussain, Majid (2012) Manav Bhugol. Rawat Publications, Jaipur

(The objective of this paper is to make the students familiar with the various aspects of India. The students will learn about the physical, anthropogenic and economic diversity of India and the factors responsible for such diversities.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Geography Of India	1. Physical: Physiographic Divisions, soil	10	4	-
	and vegetation, climate (characteristics and			
	classification)			
	2. Population: Distribution and growth,	13	3	-
	Structure; Social: Distribution of population			
	by race, caste, religion, language, tribes and			
	their correlates			
	3. Economic: Mineral and power resources	13	3	-
	distribution and utilisation of iron ore, coal,			
	petroleum, gas; agricultural production and			
	distribution of rice and wheat, industrial			
	development : automobile and Information			
	technology			
	4. Physical Geography of North East India.	4	2	-
	5. Resource- agriculture, mineral, forest and	4	2	-
	Industries of Assam.			

Reading List

- 1. Deshpande C. D., 1992: India: A Regional Interpretation, ICSSR, New Delhi.
- 2. Johnson, B. L. C., ed. 2001. Geographical Dictionary of India. Vision Books, New Delhi.
- 3. Mandal R. B. (ed.), 1990: Patterns of Regional Geography An Intenational Perspective. Vol. 3 –Indian Perspective.
- 4. Sdyasuk Galina and P Sengupta (1967): *Economic Regionalisation of India*, Census of India
- 5. Sharma, T. C. 2003: India Economic and Commercial Geography. Vikas Publ., New Delhi
- 6. Singh R. L., 1971: India: A Regional Geography, National Geographical Society of India.
- 7. Singh, Jagdish 2003: *India A Comprehensive & Systematic Geography*, Gyanodaya Prakashan, Gorakhpur.
- 8. Spate O. H. K. and Learmonth A. T. A., 1967: India and Pakistan: A General and Regional

Geography, Methuen.

- 9. Tirtha, Ranjit 2002: Geography of India, Rawat Publs., Jaipur & New Delhi.
- 10. Pathak, C. R. 2003: Spatial Structure and Processes of Development in India. Regional Science Assoc., Kolkata.
- 11. Tiwari, R.C. (2007) Geography of India. Prayag Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad
- 12. Sharma, T.C. (2013) Economic Geography of India. Rawat Publication, Jaipur

GGRM 202P2: PRACTICAL ON THEMATIC CARTOGARPHY 28hours

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware of the various application of thematic mapping and shape index analysis.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Practical on	Unit – I Thematic mapping and	4		8
Thematic	shape index analysis of India			
cartography				
	1. Preparation of maps			
	showing geographical themes –			
	minerals, forest, agriculture etc.			
	2. Shape index analysis –			
	comparison of shapes of Pre and Post			
	Independent India			
	Unit – II Thematic mapping of NE	4		8
	India			
	Preparation of maps showing geographical themes – soil, industries, population minerals, forest, agriculture etc			
	Unit- III Age- sex pyramid Develop and developing countries.	2		2

GGRM 301T4: CARTOGRAPHY (Theory)

56 hours

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware about the history of map projection and uses of different types of map projection. An attempt is also made to enlighten the students about the various surveying methods and the instrument used in it.)

Title	Contents	L	T	Р
Cartography	1. History of development of map projections, classification and use of	8	4	-
	1 3			
	different types of map projections,			
	Choice of map projection			
	2. Basic principles of surveying and	10	5	-
	their necessity in Geography: Vertical			
	and horizontal controls			
	3. Surveying and leveling:	24	5	-
	i) Plane table surveying –			
	different methods			
	ii) Prismatic compass			
	surveying – closed and open traverse,			
	calculation of included angles, correction			
	of bearing, omitted measurement			
	iii) Theodolite traversing –			
	measurement of heights			
	iv) Levelling – different types			

- 1. Kanetkar, T.P. and Kulkarni: Surveying and Levelling Part I & II
- 2. Zamir, A: A Text book of surveying
- 3. Steer J.A.: Map Projection
- 4. Mishra, R.P. and Ramesh: Fundamentals of Cartography
- 5. Singh and Patel: Principles of Remote Sensing
- 6. Panda, B.C.: Remote sensing Principles and applications
- 7. Singh, R.L.: Fundamentals of Practical Geography, DVS Publication, Ghy
- 8. Singh, G.: Map Work & Practical Geography, DVS Publication, Ghy
- 9. Curren, P.J.: Principles of Remote sensing
- 10. Robinson, : Elements of cartography, DVS Publication, Ghy
- 11. Arnoff S.(1989) Geographic Information System: A Management Perspective , DDL Publication, Ottawa
- 12. Star J and Estes (1994) Geographic Information System, An Introduction, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliff, New Jersey

C5 GGRM 302P2: CARTOGRAPHIC TECHNIQUES (PRACTICAL) 28 Hours

(The main objective of this paper is to enlighten the students with the different types of map projection and its uses.)

Title	Units	L	T	P
		10		10
Cartographic	Projection: Conical	10	-	18
Techniques	One Standard,			
	Bonne's and			
	Polyconic			
	Cylindrical; Equal			
	Area, Equidistant,			
	Galls Stereography			
	and Mercator			
	projection.			

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Singh, R.L.: Fundamentals of Practical Geography, DVS Publication, Ghy
- 2. Singh, G.: Map Work & Practical Geography, DVS Publication, Ghy
- 3. Singh, R.L.: Elements of Practical Geography, DVS Publication, Ghy
- 4. George P. Kellaway: Map Projection
- 5. J.A. Steers: Map Projection

(The main objective of this course to develop understanding of the learner about climate, soil and topography in different continents of the world. the course also familiarize learner with industrialization and population distribution in developed, developing and underdeveloped nations of the world.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Regional	1. Physiography,	14	4	-
Geography Of	climate, soil and			
World	vegetation of Asia,			
	Africa, Europe, North			
	America			
	2. Mineral resources	12	4	-
	and industrial			
	development of the			
	developed, developing			
	and the			
	underdeveloped			
	countries			
	3. Distribution of	6	3	-
	population of World			
	4. Regional	10	3	-
	studies of Middle East			
	and South East Asia			
	and the Mediterranean			
	region			

- 1. Manku, D.S.: A Regional Geography of World, Kalyani Publishers
- 2. Gautam, A: World Geography, Sarda Pushtak Bhawan, Allahabad
- 3. Bradshaw, M: World Regional Geography
- 4. Gourou, P. (1980): The Tropical World, Longman, London
- 5. Cole, J. (1996): A Geography of World's Major Regions, Routledge, London

Course C7 GGRM 303T6: STATISTICAL METHODS IN GEOGRAPHY (Theory) 84 hours

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware about the various statistical techniques used in geographical study.)

Title	Contents	L	Т	P
Statistical	1. Use of Data in Geography:	14	6	-
Methods In	Geographical Data Matrix, Significance			
Geography	of Statistical Methods in			
	Geography; Sources of Data, Scales of			
	Measurement (Nominal, Ordinal,			
	Interval, Ratio).			
	2. Tabulation and Descriptive Statistics:	14	7	-
	Frequencies (Deciles, Quartiles), Cross			
	Tabulation, Central Tendency (Mean,			
	Median and Mode, Centro-graphic			
	Techniques, Dispersion (Standard			
	Deviation, Variance and Coefficient of			
	Variation).			
	3. Sampling: Purposive, Random,	7	4	-
	Systematic and Stratified.			
	4. Theoretical Distribution: Probability	7	4	-
	and Normal Distribution.			
	5. Association and Correlation: Rank	14	7	-
	Correlation, Product Moment			
	Correlation, and Simple Regression,			
	Residuals from regression			

- 1. Berry B. J. L. and Marble D. F. (eds.): *Spatial Analysis A Reader in Geography*.
- 2. Ebdon D., 1977: Statistics in Geography: A Practical Approach.
- 3. Hammond P. and McCullagh P. S., 1978: *Quantitative Techniques in Geography: An Introduction*, Oxford University Press.
- 4. King L. S., 1969: Statistical Analysis in Geography, Prentice-Hall.
- 5. Mahmood A., 1977: Statistical Methods in Geographical Studies, Concept.
- 6. Pal S. K., 1998: Statistics for Geoscientists, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 7. Sarkar, A. (2013) Quantitative geography: techniques and presentations. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi
- 8. Silk J., 1979: Statistical Concepts in Geography, Allen and Unwin, London.
- 9. Spiegel M. R.: Statistics, Schaum's Outline Series.
- 10. Yeates M., 1974: An Introduction to Quantitative Analysis in Human Geography, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 11. Shinha, Indira (2007) Sankhyiki bhugol. Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi

Course C8 GGRM401T6: ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY (Theory)

84 hours

(The goal of this course is to enhance the learner with the basic ideas of primary, secondary and tertiary activities and its spatio-temporal pattern. The learners will also acquire the knowledge of some economic development models in relation to agriculture and industry.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Economic Geography	Introduction: Concept and classification of economic activity	4	2	-
	2. Factors Affecting location of Economic Activity with special reference to Agriculture (Von Thunen theory), Industry (Weber's theory).	12	6	-
	3. Primary Activities: Subsistence and Commercial agriculture, forestry, fishing and mining.	14	7	-
	4. Secondary Activities: Manufacturing (Cotton Textile, Iron and Steel), Concept of Manufacturing Regions, Special Economic Zones and Technology Parks.	16	7	-
	5. Tertiary Activities: Transport, Trade and Services.	10	6	-

- 1. Alexander J. W., 1963: *Economic Geography*, Prentice-Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
- 2. Coe N. M., Kelly P. F. and Yeung H. W., 2007: *Economic Geography: A Contemporary Introduction*, Wiley-Blackwell.
- 3. Hodder B. W. and Lee Roger, 1974: Economic Geography, Taylor and Francis.
- 4. Combes P., Mayer T. and Thisse J. F., 2008: *Economic Geography: The Integration of Regions and Nations*, Princeton University Press.
- 5. Wheeler J. O., 1998: Economic Geography, Wiley..
- 6. Durand L., 1961: Economic Geography, Crowell.
- 7. Bagchi-Sen S. and Smith H. L., 2006: *Economic Geography: Past, Present and Future*, Taylor and Francis.
- 8. Willington D. E., 2008: Economic Geography, Husband Press.
- 9. Clark, Gordon L.; Feldman, M.P. and Gertler, M.S., eds. 2000: The Oxford

GGRM402T6: ENVIRONMENTAL GEOGRAPHY (Theory)

84 hours

(The objective of this course is to develop conceptual and theoretical ideas of environment as well as relationship between man and environment in different geo climatic regions. The learners will also attain the nature and intensity of some burning environmental issues at local, regional and global level along with mitigation programs and policies.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Environmental	1. Environmental Geography – Concept and Scope		4	-
Geography	2. Human-Environment Relationships – Historical Progression, Adaptation in different Biomes.	12	6	-
3. Ecosystem – Concept, Structure and Functions			6	-
4. Environmental Problems in Trop Temperate and Polar Ecosystems	1 /	12	6	-
	5. Environmental Programmes and Policies – Global, National and Local levels	14	6	-

Reading List

- 1. Chandna R. C., 2002: Environmental Geography, Kalyani, Ludhiana.
- 2. Cunninghum W. P. and Cunninghum M. A., 2004: *Principals of Environmental Science: Inquiry and Applications*, Tata Macgraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 3. Goudie A., 2001: The Nature of the Environment, Blackwell, Oxford.
- 4. Singh, R.B. (Eds.) (2009) Biogeography and Biodiversity. Rawat Publication, Jaipur
- 5. Miller G. T., 2004: *Environmental Science: Working with the Earth*, Thomson BrooksCole,

Singapore.

- 6. MoEF, 2006: *National Environmental Policy-2006*, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India.
- 7. Singh, R.B. and Hietala, R. (Eds.) (2014) Livelihood security in Northwestern Himalaya: Case

studies from changing socio-economic environments in Himachal Pradesh, India. Advances in

Geographical and Environmental Studies, Springer

- 8. Odum, E. P. et al, 2005: Fundamentals of Ecology, Ceneage Learning India.
- 9. Singh S., 1997: Environmental Geography, Prayag Pustak Bhawan. Allahabad.
- 10. UNEP, 2007: Global Environment Outlook: GEO4: Environment For Development, United Nations Environment Programme.
- 11. Singh, M., Singh, R.B. and Hassan, M.I. (Eds.) (2014) Climate change and biodiversity: Proceedings of IGU Rohtak Conference, Volume 1. Advances in Geographical and Environmental Studies, Springer
- 12. Singh, R.B. (1998) Ecological Techniques and Approaches to Vulnerable Environment, New

Delhi, Oxford & IBH Pub..

13. Singh, Savindra 2001. *Paryavaran Bhugol*, Prayag Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad. (in Hindi)

GGRM403T4: REMOTE SESING AND GIS (Theory) Lectures

56

(The goal of this course is to enhance of the ability of the learners in the field of latest satellite based technology and data source such as remote sensing.)

Title	Contents	L	Т	P
Remote Sensing And GIS	1. Historical Development of remote sensing as a technology-Relevance of remote sensing in Geography.	10	4	-
	2. Concept and basics: Energy source, energy and radiation principles	10	3	-
	3. Energy interactions in the atmosphere and earth surface features.	10	3	-
	4. Remote sensing systems: platforms, sensors and radiations records.	12	4	-

Course C10 GGRM403P2: REMOTE SENSING AND GIS (PRACTICAL)

28 Hours

(The objective of the course is to develop some practical knowledge and skills in diversified applications of remote sensing data and technology)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Re	1. Remote Sensing and GIS: Definition and	1		
m	Components, Development, Platforms and			3
ot	Types			
e	2. Aerial Photography and Satellite Remote	2	-	6
Se	Sensing: Principles, Types and Geometry of			
nsi	Aerial Photograph; Principles of Remote			
ng	Sensing, EMR Interaction with Atmosphere			
A	and Earth Surface; Satellites (Landsat and IRS)			
nd	and Sensors.			
GI	3. GIS Data Structures: Types (spatial and Non-	1	-	2
S	spatial), Raster and Vector Data Structure			
	4. Image Processing (Digital and Manual) and Data Analysis: Pre-processing (Radiometric and Geometric Correction), Enhancement (Filtering); Classification (Supervised and Unsupervised), Geo-Referencing; Editing and Output; Overlays	2	-	7
	5. Interpretation and Application of Remote Sensing and GIS: Land use/ Land Cover, Urban Sprawl Analysis; Forests Monitoring	1	-	3

Practical Record: A project file consisting of two exercises will be done from aerial photos and satellite images (scale, orientation and interpretation) and 3 exercises on using any GIS Software on above mentioned themes.

- 1. Campbell J. B., 2007: Introduction to Remote Sensing, Guildford Press.
- 2. Jensen J. R., 2004: Introductory Digital Image Processing: A Remote Sensing Perspective, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Joseph, G. 2005: Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, United Press India.
- 4. Lillesand T. M., Kiefer R. W. and Chipman J. W., 2004: *Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation*, Wiley. (Wiley Student Edition).
- 5. Nag P. and Kudra, M., 1998: Digital Remote Sensing, Concept, New Delhi.
- 6. Rees W. G., 2001: Physical Principles of Remote Sensing, Cambridge University Press.
- 7. Singh R. B. and Murai S., 1998: *Space-informatics for Sustainable Development*, Oxford and IBH Pub.
- 8. Wolf P. R. and Dewitt B. A., 2000: *Elements of Photogrammetry: With Applications in GIS*, McGraw-Hill.
- 9. Sarkar, A. (2015) Practical geography: A systematic approach. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi
- 10. Chauniyal, D.D. (2010) Sudur Samvedan evam Bhogolik Suchana Pranali, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad

GGRM 501T4: REGIONAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT (Theory) Lectures

56

(The objective of the paper is to improve the understanding of learners about Region, regionalization, Regional planning and development. It will also incorporate models associated with economic growth and development)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Regional	1. Definition of Region, Evolution and Types of	8	3	-
Planning	Regional planning: Formal, Functional, and			
And	Planning Regions and Regional Planning; Need			
Develop	for Regional Planning; Types of regional			
ment	Planning.			
	2. Choice of a Region for Planning: Characteristics	9	3	-
	of an Ideal Planning Region; Delineation of			
	Planning Region; Regionalization of India for			
	Planning (Agro Ecological Zones)			
	3. Theories and Models for Regional Planning:	9	3	-
	Growth Pole Model of Perroux; Growth Centre			
	Model in Indian Context; Myrdal, Hirschman,			
	Rostow and Friedmann; Village Cluster			
	4. Changing Concept of Development, Concept of	8	2	-
	underdevelopment; Efficiency-Equity Debate			
	5. Measuring development: Indicators (Economic,	8	3	-
	Social and Environmental); Human			
	development.			

Reading List

- 1. Blij H. J. De, 1971: Geography: Regions and Concepts, John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. Claval P.l, 1998: An Introduction to Regional Geography, Blackwell Publishers, Oxford and

Massachusetts.

- 3. Friedmann J. and Alonso W. (1975): Regional Policy Readings in Theory and Applications, MIT Press, Massachusetts.
- 4. Gore C. G., 1984: Regions in Question: Space, Development Theory and Regional Policy, Methuen, London.
- 5. Gore C. G., Köhler G., Reich U-P. and Ziesemer T., 1996: *Questioning Development; Essays on the Theory, Policies and Practice of Development Intervention*, Metropolis-Verlag, Marburg.
- 6. Haynes J., 2008: Development Studies, Polity Short Introduction Series.
- 7. Johnson E. A. J., 1970: *The Organization of Space in Developing Countries*, MIT Press, Massachusetts.
- 8. Peet R., 1999: *Theories of Development*, The Guilford Press, New York.
- 9. UNDP 2001-04: Human Development Report, Oxford University Press.
- 10. World Bank 2001-05: World Development Report, Oxford University Press

GGRM 501P2: REGIONAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT (Practical)

28 hours

The basic objective of the course is to enhance the learner in the field of demarcation and distribution of resources

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Regional Planning	1. Methods of regionalization:	4		10
And Development	a) Simple ranking method			
	b) Mean method			
	c) Z- Score standardization.			
	2. Resource disparity map:	3	-	11
	a) Power resource (Hydel,			
	Thermal, Nuclear)			
	b) Mineral resources (coal, iron ore)			

(The objective of this course is to enhance the learner with the basic ideas of population size, composition, growth and distribution along with its determinants. The course will also incorporate contemporary issues of population.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Population Geography	1. Defining the Field – Nature and Scope; Sources of Data with special reference to India (Census, Vital Statistics and NSS).	8	3	
	2. Population Size, Distribution and Growth – Determinants and Patterns; Theories of Growth – Malthusian Theory and Demographic Transition Theory.	10	3	
	3. Population Dynamics: Fertility, Mortality and Migration – Measures, Determinants and Implications.	10	4	
	 4. Population Composition and Characteristics – Age-Sex Composition; Rural and Urban Composition; Literacy. 	8	2	
	5. Contemporary Issues – Ageing of Population; Declining Sex Ratio; HIV/AIDS.	6	2	

- 1. Barrett H. R., 1995: Population Geography, Oliver and Boyd.
- 2. Bhende A. and Kanitkar T., 2000: *Principles of Population Studies*, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Chandna R. C. and Sidhu M. S., 1980: *An Introduction to Population Geography*, Kalyani Publishers.
- 4. Clarke J. I., 1965: *Population Geography*, Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- 5. Jones, H. R., 2000: Population Geography, 3rd ed. Paul Chapman, London.
- 6. Lutz W., Warren C. S. and Scherbov S., 2004: *The End of the World Population Growth in the 21st Century*, Earthscan
- 7. Newbold K. B., 2009: *Population Geography: Tools and Issues*, Rowman and Littlefield Publishers.
- 8. Pacione M., 1986: Population Geography: Progress and Prospect, Taylor and Francis.
- 9. Wilson M. G. A., 1968: Population Geography, Nelson.
- 10. Panda B P (1988): Janasankya Bhugol, M P Hindi Granth Academy, Bhopal
- 11. Maurya S D (2009) Jansankya Bhugol, Sharda Putak Bhawan, Allahabad

GGRM 502P2: POPULATION GEOGRAPHY (Practical)

28 Hours

The main objective of the course is to develop the cartographic ideas for the representation of major Demographic data.

Title		Contents	L	Т	Р
POPULATION GEOGRAPHY	1.	Statistical Data representation Part I	2	-	6
	a) b)	Near neighbour analysis Principle component analysis — Water, Fisher and Nelson Traffic flow and isochronic			
	2.	cartograms Statistical Data	2	-	7
	_	entation Part II Location quotient analysis Lorenz curve			
	3.	Distribution of population a) India, Assam(by simple dot method)	2	-	4
	4.	Density of population a) India and Assam (choropleth method)	1	-	4

GGRM601T6: EVOLUTION OF GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT (Theory) Lectures

84

(The objective of the course is familiarizing the learner towards the development of geographic ideas during the era of ancient, pre-modern and modern period. The course will also enlighten the learners with the contemporary issues and approaches of development of the discipline.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
Evolution Of	1. Paradigms in Geography	4	2	
Geographical Thought	 Pre-Modern – Early Origins of Geographical Thinking with reference to the Classical and Medieval Philosophies. 	13	6	
	3. Modern – Evolution of Geographical Thinking and Disciplinary Trends in Germany, France, Britain, United States of America.	13	7	
	4. Debates – Environmental Determinism and Possibilism, Systematic and Regional, Ideographic and Nomeothetic.	13	7	
	 Trends – Quantitative Revolution and its Impact, Behaviouralism, Systems Approach, Radicalism, Feminism; Towards Post Modernism – Changing Concept of Space in Geography, Future of Geography. 	13	6	

- 1. Arentsen M., Stam R. and Thuijis R., 2000: Post-modern Approaches to Space, ebook.
- 2. Bhat, L.S. (2009) Geography in India (Selected Themes). Pearson
- 3. Bonnett A., 2008: What is Geography? Sage.
- 4. Dikshit R. D., 1997: Geographical Thought: A Contextual History of Ideas, Prentice– Hall India.
- 5. Hartshone R., 1959: Perspectives of Nature of Geography, Rand MacNally and Co.
- 6. Holt-Jensen A., 2011: Geography: History and Its Concepts: A Students Guide, SAGE.
- 7. Johnston R. J., (Ed.): Dictionary of Human Geography, Routledge.
- 8. Johnston R. J., 1997: Geography and Geographers, Anglo-American Human Geography since 1945, Arnold, London.
- 9. Kapur A., 2001: *Indian Geography Voice of Concern*, Concept Publications.
- 10. Martin Geoffrey J., 2005: All Possible Worlds: A History of Geographical Ideas, Oxford.
- 11. Soja, Edward 1989. *Post-modern Geographies*, Verso, London. Reprinted 1997: Rawat Publ., Jaipur and New Delhi.

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware about the concepts of hazards, disasters, risk and vulnerability. In this paper an attempt has been made to prepare the students about the Do's And Don'ts during and post disaster.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Disasters: Definition and Concepts:	6	2	
	Hazards, Disasters; Risk and Vulnerability;			
	Classification			
	2. Disasters in India: Flood, Landslide,			
	Drought, Earthquake and Tsunami,			
	Cyclone, : Causes, Impact and Distribution	10	6	
	3. Manmade disasters: Causes, Impact	6	2	
DISASTER	and Distribution			
MANAGEMENT	4. Response and Mitigation to Disasters:	10	6	
	Mitigation and Preparedness, NDMA and			
	NIDM;Indigenous Knowledge and			
	Community-Based Disaster Management;			
	Do's and Don'ts During and Post Disasters			

- 1. Government of India. (1997) Vulnerability Atlas of India. New Delhi, Building Materials & Technology Promotion Council, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India.
- 2. Kapur, A. (2010) Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Modh, S. (2010) Managing Natural Disaster: Hydrological, Marine and Geological Disasters, Macmillan, Delhi.
- 4. Singh, R.B. (2005) Risk Assessment and Vulnerability Analysis, IGNOU, New Delhi. Chapter 1, 2 and 3

- 5. Singh, R. B. (ed.), (2006) Natural Hazards and Disaster Management: Vulnerability and Mitigation, Rawat Publications, New Delhi.
- 6. Sinha, A. (2001). Disaster Management: Lessons Drawn and Strategies for Future, New United Press, New Delhi.
- 7. Stoltman, J.P. et al. (2004) International Perspectives on Natural Disasters, Kluwer Academic Publications. Dordrecht.
- 8. Singh Jagbir (2007) "Disaster Management Future Challenges and Oppurtunities", 2007. Publisher-I.K. International Pvt. Ltd. S-25, Green Park Extension, Uphaar Cinema Market, New Delhi, India (www.ikbooks.com).

GGRM602P6: DISASTER MANAGEMENT BASED PROJECT WORK 20Lectures

(The main objective of the field work is to conduct an extensive survey over an area to evaluate the nature, intensity, frequency and impact of a Hazard/ disaster and suggesting possible mitigation measures)

	L	T	P
Field Work (Flood, Landslide, Drought, Earthquake,	4		16
Cyclone and Manmade Disaster)			

Reading List

1. Government of India. (1997) Vulnerability Atlas of India. New Delhi, Building Materials &

Technology Promotion Council, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India.

- 2. Kapur, A. (2010) Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Modh, S. (2010) Managing Natural Disaster: Hydrological, Marine and Geological Disasters,

Macmillan, Delhi.

- 4. Singh, R.B. (2005) Risk Assessment and Vulnerability Analysis, IGNOU, New Delhi. Chapter 1, 2 and 3
- 5. Singh, R. B. (ed.), (2006) Natural Hazards and Disaster Management: Vulnerability and Mitigation, Rawat Publications, New Delhi.
- 6. Sinha, A. (2001). Disaster Management: Lessons Drawn and Strategies for Future, New United Press, New Delhi.
- 7. Stoltman, J.P. et al. (2004) International Perspectives on Natural Disasters, Kluwer Academic

Publications. Dordrecht.

8. Singh Jagbir (2007) "Disaster Management Future Challenges and Oppurtunities", 2007. Publisher- I.K. International Pvt. Ltd. S-25, Green Park Extension, Uphaar Cinema Market, New Delhi, India (www.ikbooks.com).

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE (Any 2)

SEC 1(4C)

GGRM SEC301AP2: REMOTE SENSING (PRACTICAL)

20 Lecture

(The objective of the course is to develop some practical knowledge and skills in diversified applications of remote sensing data and technology)

Title	Contents	L	Т	P
Remote Sensing	1. Remote Sensing: Definition and Development; Platforms and Types; Photogrammetry.	3		8
	2. Satellite Remote Sensing: Principles, EMR Interaction with Atmosphere and Earth Surface; Satellites (Landsat and IRS); Sensors	3		10
	3. Image Processing (Digital and Manual): Pre- processing (Radiometric and Geometric Correction); Enhancement (Filtering); Classification (Supervised and Un-supervised)	3		10
	4. Satellite Image Interpretation.	2		7
	5. Application of Remote Sensing: Land Use Land Cover.	3		7

Practical Record: A project file consisting of 5 exercises on using any method on above mentioned themes.

- 1. Bhatta, B. (2008) Remote Sensing and GIS, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2. Campbell J. B., 2007: Introduction to Remote Sensing, Guildford Press
- 3. Chauniyal, D. (2010) Sudur SamvedanaAvam Bhaugolik Suchna Pranali, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad.
- 4. Jensen, J. R. (2005) Introductory Digital Image Processing: A Remote Sensing Perspective, Pearson Prentice-Hall.
- 5. Joseph, G. 2005: Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, United Press India.
- 6. Lillesand T. M., Kiefer R. W. and Chipman J. W., 2004: *Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation*, Wiley. (Wiley Student Edition).
- 7. Li, Z., Chen, J. and Batsavias, E. (2008) Advances in Photogrammetry, Remote Sensing and Spatial Information Sciences CRC Press, Taylor and Francis, London
- 8. Mukherjee, S. (2004) Textbook of Environmental Remote Sensing, Macmillan, Delhi.
- 9. Nag P. and Kudra, M., 1998: Digital Remote Sensing, Concept, New Delhi.
- 10. Singh R. B. and Murai S., 1998: *Space-informatics for Sustainable Development*, Oxford and IBH Pub.

GGRM SEC301BP2: ADVANCED SPATIAL STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES 56 Lectures/ hours

(The objective of the course is to develop diversified statistical knowledge and skills in field of data collection, data processing and data analysis and interpretation.)

Title	Contents	L	T	P
ADVANCED	1. Statistics and Statistical Data: Spatial and	6	4	
SPATIAL	non-spatial; indices of inequality and disparity.			
STATISTICAL	2. Probability theory, probability density	8	3	
TECHNIQUES	functions with respect to Normal, Binomial			
	and Poisson distributions and their			
	geographical applications.			
	3. Sampling: Sampling plans for spatial and	8	2	
	non-spatial data, sampling distributions;			
	sampling estimates for large and small samples			
	tests involving means and proportions.			
	4. Correlation and Regression Analysis:	10	3	
	Rank order correlation and product moment			
	correlation; linear regression, residuals from			
	regression, and simple curvilinear regression;			
	Introduction to multi-variate analysis.			
	5. Time Series Analysis: Time Series	10	2	
	processes; smoothing time series; Time series			
	Components.			

Note: Any Statistical Software Package (SPSS, MS Excel, R, etc.) may be used for practice.

Reading List

- 1. Bart James E and Gerld M.Barber, 1996: Elementary Statistics for Geographers, The Guieford Press, London.
- 2. Eldon, D., 1983: Statistics in Geography: A Practical Approach, Blackwell, London.
- 3. Cressie, N.A.C., 1991: Statistics for Spatial Analysis, Wiley, New York.
- 4. Gregory, S., 1978: Statistical Methods and the Geographer (4th Edition), Longman, London.
- 5. Haining, R.P., 1990: Spatial Data Analysis in the Social and Environmental Science, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 6. Mc Grew, Jr. and Cahrles, B. M., 1993: An Introduction to Statistical Problem Solving in Geography, W.C. Brocan Publishers, New Jersey.
- 7. Mathews, J.A., 1987: Quantitative and Statistical Approaches to Geography: A Practical Manual Pergamon, Oxford.
- 8. S.K., 1998: Statistics for Geoscientists: Techniques and Applications, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 9. Wei, W.S.,1990: Time Series Analysis: Variate and Multivariate Methods , Addison Wesley

Publishing.

10. Yeates, Mauris, 1974: An Introduction to Quantitative Analysis in Human Geography, Mc Grawhill, New York.

SEC 2 (4 C)

GGRMSEC401AP2: GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM (PRACTICAL) 56 HOURS /LECTURES

(The objective of the course is to enhance the technical skills in the field of processing and analysis of both spatial and non-spatial data in GIS Software acquired from GPS, Remote sensing and land base surveys and its utilities in various fields.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Geographical Information System (GIS):	2		8
	Definition and Components.			
	2. Global Positioning System (GPS) –	3		7
	Principles and Uses; DGPS.			
	3. GIS Data Structures: Types (spatial and	3		8
GEOGRAPHICAL	Non-spatial), Raster and Vector Data			
INFORMATION	Structure.			
SYSTEM	4. GIS Data Analysis: Input; Geo-	3		9
	Referencing; Editing, Output and Query;			
	Overlays.			
	5. Application of GIS: Land Use Mapping;	3		10
	Urban Sprawl Analysis; Forests			
	Monitoring.			

Practical Record: A project file consisting of 5 exercises on using any GIS Software on above

mentioned themes.

- 1. Bhatta, B. (2010) Analysis of Urban Growth and Sprawl from Remote Sensing, Springer, Berlin Heidelberg.41
- 2. Burrough, P.A., and McDonnell, R.A. (2000) Principles of Geographical Information System-Spatial Information System and Geo-statistics. Oxford University Press
- 3. Chauniyal, D.D. (2010) Sudur Samvedan evam Bhogolik Suchana Pranali, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad
- 4. Heywoods, I., Cornelius, S and Carver, S. (2006) An Introduction to Geographical Infromation system. Prentice Hall.
- 5. Jha, M.M. and Singh, R.B. (2008) Land Use: Reflection on Spatial Informatics Agriculture and Development, New Delhi: Concept.
- 6. Nag, P. (2008) Introduction to GIS, Concept India, New Delhi.
- 7. Sarkar, A. (2015) Practical geography: A systematic approach. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi
- 8. Singh, R.B. and Murai, S. (1998)

GGRM SEC401BP2: RESEARCH METHODS (PRACTICAL)

56 HOURS/LECTURES

(The main objective of the course to familiarize learner with the basic ideas of framing research questions/ research hypothesis, scientific methods of data collection and analysis along with preparation of research report)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Geographic Enquiry: Definition and Ethics;	8	3	
	Framing Research Questions, Objectives and			
	Hypothesis; Literature Review; Preparing			
	Sample Questionnaire			
	2. Data Collection: Type and Sources of Data;	7	3	
	Methods of Collection; Input and Editing			
RESEARCH	3. Data Analysis: Qualitative Data Analysis;	10	3	
METHODS	Quantitative Data Analysis; Data			
	Representation Techniques			
	4. Structure of a Research Report: Preliminaries;	10	3	
	Text; References, Bibliography and Citations;			
	Abstract			
	5. Preparation of Research Report	7	2	

Reading List

- 1. Creswell J., 1994: Research Design: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches Sage Publications.
- 2. Dikshit, R. D. 2003. The Art and Science of Geography: Integrated Readings. Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 3. Evans M., 1988: "Participant Observation: The Researcher as Research Tool" in *Qualitative Methods in Human Geography*, eds. J. Eyles and D. Smith, Polity.
- 4. Misra, R.P. (2002) Research Methodology, Concept Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. Mukherjee, Neela 1993. Participatory Rural Appraisal: Methodology and Application. Concept Publs. Co., New Delhi.
- 6. Mukherjee, Neela 2002. Participatory Learning and Action: with 100 Field Methods. Concept Publs. Co., New Delhi
- 7. Robinson A., 1998: "Thinking Straight and Writing That Way", in Writing Empirical Research

Reports: A Basic Guide for Students of the Social and Behavioural Sciences, eds. by F. Pryczak and R. Bruce Pryczak, Publishing: Los Angeles.

- 8. Special Issue on "Doing Fieldwork" The Geographical Review 91:1-2 (2001).
- 9. Stoddard R. H., 1982: Field Techniques and Research Methods in Geography, Kendall/Hunt.
- 11. Wolcott, H. 1995. The Art of Fieldwork. Alta Mira Press, Walnut Creek, CA.
- 12. Yadav, H. (2013) Shodh Pravidhi Evam Matratamak Bhugol, Raja Publications, Delhi

ELECTIVE DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC (ANY FOUR) DSE 1 (6 C)

GGRM DSE501AT6: SETTLEMENT GEOGRAPHY 84 HOURS/ LECTURES

(The objective of this course is to develop understanding of the learner about the concept, types and the classification of settlements. The course also familiarizes learners with the basic theories of market center and settlement evolution.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	Т	Р
	 Settlement: Concept, classification, distribution and the changing relationship with the environment. 	12	6	
SETTLEMENT GEOGRAPHY	2.Rural settlement: evolution, site and situational factors and patterns and types.	12	6	
	3.Urban settlement: growth, functional classification of Towns.	12	5	
	4. Hierarchy of settlement.	10	5	
	5. Christaller's and August Losch Theory of Market Center	10	6	

Reading List

- 1. Chorley, R.J. and Haggett, P.,1967: Models in Geography, Methuen, London.
- 2. Gregory, D.,1978: Ideology, Science and Human Geography, Hutchin, Londan
- 3. Huntington, E, 1951 Princples in Human Geography, John Wiley & Sons, Lnc, New York
- 4. Johnstone, R.J. et. (eds) 1981, Dictionary of Human Geography, Basil Blackwell Oxford.
- 5. Johnston, R.J. 1983: Philosophy and Human Geography, Edward Arnold, London.
- 8. Chandana, R.C. 1986, A Geography of Population, Kakani Publishers, New Delhi
- 9. Ahmed,A,et,al(eds) 1997,Demographic Transition,The Third world Scenarior,Rawat

Publications, Jaipur and New Delhi

- 10. Clarke J.I. 1972 Population Geography ,Pergamon Press,Oxford
- 11. Carter.H.1972, The Story of Urban Geography, Edward Arnold, London

DSE 1 GGRM DSE501B T6: RESOURCE GEOGRAPHY 84 HOURS/ LECTURES

(The main objective of the course to develop the concept of recourse, utilization pattern, classification and its distribution over the earth. The course also focuses on significances of resource management and sustainable development.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Natural Resource: Concept,	10	6	
	Classification and Techniques			
	2. Distribution, Utilization, Problems and	12	6	
	Management of Land Resources and			
RESOURCE	Water Resources			
GEOGRAPHY	3. Distribution, Utilization, Problems and	12	6	
	Management of Forests and Energy			
	Resources			
	4. Appraisal and Conservation of Natural	12	5	
	Resources			
	5. Sustainable Resource Development	10	5	
	_			

Reading List

- 1. Cutter S. N., Renwich H. L. and Renwick W., 1991: *Exploitation, Conservation, Preservation: A Geographical Perspective on Natural Resources Use*, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 2. Gadgil M. and Guha R., 2005: The Use and Abuse of Nature: Incorporating This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India and Ecology and Equity, Oxford University Press. USA.
- 3. Holechek J. L. C., Richard A., Fisher J. T. and Valdez R., 2003: *Natural Resources: Ecology*,

Economics and Policy, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

- 4. Jones G. and Hollier G., 1997: *Resources, Society and Environmental Management*, Paul Chapman, London.
- 5. Klee G., 1991: Conservation of Natural Resources, Prentice Hall, Englewood.
- 6. Mather A. S. and Chapman K., 1995: *Environmental Resources*, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 7. Mitchell B., 1997: Resource and Environmental Management, Longman Harlow, England.
- 8. Owen S. and Owen P. L., 1991: *Environment, Resources and Conservation*, Cambridge University Press, New York.
- 9. Rees J., 1990: Natural Resources: Allocation, Economics and Policy, Routledge.London

DSE 2 (6 C)

GGRM DSE 502AT6: URBAN GEOGRAPHY

84 HOURS/ LECTURES

(The main objective of this course is to introduce learners with the nature, scope and development of urban geography. The course also deals with pattern of urbanization in different parts of the world along with basic issues of urbanization in some of the major urban agglomerations in India.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Urban geography: Introduction, nature	10	5	
	and scope			
	2. Patterns of Urbanisation in developed	10	5	
	and developing countries			
URBAN	3. Functional classification of cities:	12	6	
GEOGRAPHY	Quantitative and Qualitative Methods			
	4. Urban Issues: problems of housing,	12	6	
	slums, civic amenities (water and			
	transport)			
	5. Case studies of Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata,	12	6	
	Chennai and Chandigarh with reference to			
	Land use and Urban Issues			

- 1. Fyfe N. R. and Kenny J. T., 2005: The Urban Geography Reader, Routledge.
- 2.Graham S. and Marvin S., 2001: *Splintering Urbanism: Networked Infrastructures, Technological Mobilities and the Urban Condition*, Routledge.
- 3. Hall T., 2006: *Urban Geography*, Taylor and Francis.
- 4. Kaplan D. H., Wheeler J. O. and Holloway S. R., 2008: *Urban Geography*, John Wiley.
- 5. Knox P. L. and McCarthy L., 2005: *Urbanization: An Introduction to Urban Geography*, Pearson Prentice Hall New York.
- 6. Knox P. L. and Pinch S., 2006: *Urban Social Geography: An Introduction*, Prentice-Hall.
- 7. Pacione M., 2009: Urban Geography: A Global Perspective, Taylor and Francis.
- 8. Sassen S., 2001: The Global City: New York, London and Tokyo, Princeton University Press.
- 9. Ramachandran R (1989): Urbanisation and Urban Systems of India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 10. Ramachandran, R., 1992: The Study of Urbanisation, Oxford University Press, Delhi
- 11. Singh, R.B. (Eds.) (2001) Urban Sustainability in the Context of Global Change, Science Pub., Inc., Enfield (NH), USA and Oxford & IBH Pub., New Delhi.
- 12. Singh, R.B. (Ed.) (2015) Urban development, challenges, risks andresilience in Asian megacities. Advances in Geographical and Environmental Studies, Springer

DSE 2 (6 C)

GGRM DSE502BT6: AGRICULTURAL GEOGRAPHY 84 HOURS/ LECTURES

(The objective of this course is to enhance the concept of agricultural activities, its determinants and types under different geo- environmental condition of the world. The course also introduces learners with some Land use and cropping intensity models)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Defining the Field: Introduction, nature and scope; Land use/ land cover definition and classification.	12	6	
	2. Determinants of Agriculture: Physical, Technological and Institutional	10	6	
AGRICULTURAL GEOGRAPHY	3. Agricultural Regions of India: Agroclimatic, Agro-ecological & Crop Combination Regions.	12	6	
	4. Agricultural Systems of the World (Whittlesey's classification) and Agricultural Land use model (Von Thuenen, modification and relevance).	12	5	
	5. Agricultural Revolutions in India: Green, White, Blue, Pink.	10	5	

- 1. Basu, D.N., and Guha, G.S., 1996: Agro-*Climatic Regional Planning in India*, Vol.I & II, Concept Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Bryant, C.R., Johnston, T.R, 1992: *Agriculture in the City Countryside*, Belhaven Press, London.
- 3. Burger, A., 1994: Agriculture of the World, Aldershot, Avebury.
- 4. Grigg, D.B., 1984: Introduction to Agricultural Geography, Hutchinson, London.
- 5. Ilbery B. W., 1985: Agricultural Geography: A Social and Economic Analysis, Oxford University Press.
- 6. Mohammad, N., 1992: *New Dimension in Agriculture Geography*, Vol. I to VIII, Concept Pub., New Delhi.
- 7. Roling, N.G., and Wageruters, M.A.E.,(ed.) 1998: *Facilitating Sustainable Agriculture*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 8. Shafi, M., 2006: Agricultural Geography, Doring Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 9. Singh, J., and Dhillon, S.S., 1984: Agricultural Geography, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 10. Tarrant J. R., 1973: Agricultural Geography, David and Charles, Devon.

DSE 3 (6 C) GGRM DSE 601AT6: GEOGRAPHY OF HEALTH AND WELLBEING 84 HOU

84 HOURS/LECTURES

(The objective of the course is to conceptualize learner in the field of health and well being, relationship between human activities, health and environment. The course also covers broad aspects of pollution, climate change and health issues in different parts of the world.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Perspectives on Health: Definition; linkages with environment, development and health; driving forces in health and environmental trends - population dynamics, urbanization, poverty and inequality.	12	6	
	2. Pressure on Environmental Quality and Health: Human activities and environmental pressure land use and agricultural development; industralisation; transport and energy.	12	6	
GEOGRAPHY	3. Exposure and Health Risks: Air pollution; household wastes; water; housing; workplace.	10	5	
OF HEALTH AND WELLBEING	4.Health and Disease Pattern in Environmental Context with special reference to India, Types of Diseases and their regional pattern (Communicable and Lifestyle related diseases).	12	6	
	5. Climate Change and Human Health: Changes in climate system – heat and cold; Biological disease agents; food production and nutrition.	10	5	

Reading List:

- 1. Akhtar Rais (Ed.), 1990: Environment and Health Themes in Medical Geography, Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. Avon Joan L. and Jonathan A Patzed. 2001: Ecosystem Changes and Public Health, Baltimin,

John Hopling Unit Press(ed).

- 3. Bradley, D., 1977: Water, Wastes and Health in Hot Climates, John Wiley Chichesten.
- 4. Christaler George and Hristopoles Dionissios, 1998: Spatio Temporal Environment Health Modelling, Boston Kluwer Academic Press.
- 5. Cliff, A.D. and Peter, H., 1988: Atlas of Disease Distributions, Blackwell Publishers, Oxford.
- 6. Gatrell, A., and Loytonen, 1998: GIS and Health, Taylor and Francis Ltd, London.
- 7. Hardham T. and Tannav M.,(eds): Urban Health in Developing Countries; Progress, Projects,

Earthgoan, London.

- 8. Murray C. and A. Lopez, 1996: The Global Burden of Disease, Harvard University Press.
- 9. Moeller Dade wed., 1993: Environmental Health, Cambridge, Harward Univ. Press.
- 10. Phillips, D. and Verhasselt, Y., 1994: Health and Development, Routledge, London.
- 11. Tromp, S., 1980: Biometeorology: The Impact of Weather and Climate on Humans and their

Environment, Heydon and Son. Llyod and Keith S McLachlan (1998), Land Locked States of Africa and Asia (vo.2), Frank Cass

DSE 3 (6 C) GGRM DSE 601BT6:

POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY

84 HOURS/LECTURES

(The objective of the course is to conceptualize learner in the field of political geography, origin of nations and states, concept and theories of Heartland and Rimland, Electoral Geography, Resource Conflicts and politics of Displacements.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Introduction: Concepts, Nature and Scope	10	5	
	2. State, Nation and Nation State – Concept of Nation and State, Attributes of State – Frontiers, Boundaries, Shape, Size, Territory and Sovereignty, Concept of Nation State; Geopolitics; Theories (Heartland and Rimland)	12	6	
POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY	3. Electoral Geography – Geography of Voting, Geographic Influences on Voting pattern, Geography of Representation, Gerrymandering	12	6	
	4. Political Geography of Resource Conflicts – Water Sharing Disputes, Disputes and Conflicts Related to Forest Rights and Minerals	12	6	
	5. Politics of Displacement: Issues of relief, compensation and rehabilitation: with reference to Dams and Special Economic Zones	10	5	

- 1. Agnew J., 2002: Making Political Geography, Arnold.
- 2. Agnew J., Mitchell K. and Toal G., 2003: A Companion to Political Geography, Blackwell.
- 3. Cox K. R., Low M. and Robinson J., 2008: The Sage Handbook of Political Geography, Sage Publications.
- 4. Cox K., 2002: Political Geography: Territory, State and Society, Wiley-Blackwell
- 5. Gallaher C., et al, 2009: Key Concepts in Political Geography, Sage Publications.
- 6. Glassner M., 1993: Political Geography, Wiley.
- 7. Jones M., 2004: An Introduction to Political Geography: Space, Place and Politics, Routledg.
- 8. Mathur H M and M MCernea (eds.) Development, Displacement and Resettlement Focus on Asian Experience, Vikas, Delhi
- 9. Painter J. and Jeffrey A., 2009: Political Geography, Sage Publications.
- 10. Taylor P. and Flint C., 2000: Political Geography, Pearson Education.
- 11. Verma M K (2004): Development, Displacement and Resettlement, Rawat Publications, Delhi
- 12. Hodder Dick, Sarah J Llyod and Keith S McLachlan (1998), Land Locked States of Africa and Asia (vo.2), Frank Cass

DSE 4 (6 C)

GGRM DSE 602AT6: HYDROLOGY AND OCEANOGRAPHY 84 HOURS/ LECTURES

(The main objective of this course is to enhance the students about the concept and components of hydrological cycle and its intervention by anthropogenic activities. The course also incorporates bottom configuration and ocean dynamics along with physical and chemical properties of ocean sea water.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
HYDROLOGY AND	1. Hydrological Cycle: Systems approach in hydrology, human impact on the hydrological cycle; Precipitation, interception, evaporation, evaporation, infiltration, ground-water, run off and over land flow; Hydrological input and output.	12	6	
OCEANOGRAPHY	2. River Basin and Problems of Regional Hydrology: Characteristics of river basins, basin surface run-off, measurement of river discharge; floods and droughts.	12	6	
	3. Ocean Floor Topography and Oceanic Movements – Waves, Currents and Tides.	10	5	
	4. Ocean Salinity and Temperature – Distribution and Determinants.	10	6	
	5. Coral Reefs and Marine Deposits and Ocean Resources: Types and Theories of Origin; Biotic, Mineral.	12	5	

Reading List

1. Andrew. D. ward and Stanley, Trimble (2004): Environmental Hydrology, 2nd edition,Lewis

Publishers, CRC Press.

- 2. Karanth, K.R., 1988 : Ground Water: Exploration, Assessment and Development, Tata-McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 3. Ramaswamy, C. (1985): Review of floods in India during the past 75 years: A Perspective.Indian National Science Academy, New Delhi.
- 4. Rao, K.L., 1982: India's Water Wealth 2nd edition, Orient Longman, Delhi,.
- 5. Singh, Vijay P. (1995): Environmental Hydrology. Kluwar Academic Publications, TheNetherlands.
- 6. Anikouchine W. A. and Sternberg R. W., 1973: *The World Oceans: An Introduction to Oceanography*, Prentice-Hall.
- 7. Garrison T., 1998: Oceanography, Wordsworth Company, Belmont.
- 8. Kershaw S., 2000: Oceanography: An Earth Science Perspective, Stanley Thornes, UK.
- 9. Pinet P. R., 2008: *Invitation to Oceanography* (Fifth Edition), Jones and Barlett Publishers, USA, UK and Canada.

- 10. Sharma R. C. and Vatal M., 1980: *Oceanography for Geographers*, Chaitanya Publishing House, Allahabad.
- 11. Sverdrup K. A. and Armbrust, E. V., 2008: *An Introduction to the World Ocean*, McGraw Hill, Boston.
- 12. Singh, M., Singh, R.B. and Hassan, M.I. (Eds.) (2014) Landscape ecology and water management. Proceedings of IGU Rohtak Conference, Volume 2. Advances in Geographical and

Environmental Studies, Springer

GGRM DSE 602BT6: SOCIAL GEOGRAPHY

84 HOURS/ LECTURES

(The main objective of this paper is to make the student understand the basic concept of social geography and the impact of technologies in social changes. The student will also know about the different social categories and social problems faced by the society today.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Social Geography: Concept, Origin, Nature and Scope.	10	5	
	2. Peopling Process of India: Technology and Occupational Change; Migration.	10	5	
	3. Social Categories: Caste, Class, Religion, Race and Gender and their Spatial distribution	12	6	
SOCIAL GEOGRAPHY	4. Geographies of Welfare and Well being: Concept and Components – Healthcare, Housing and Education.	12	6	
	5. Social Geographies of Inclusion and Exclusion, Slums, Gated Communities, Communal Conflicts and Crime.	12	6	

- 1. Ahmed A., 1999: Social Geography, Rawat Publications.
- 2. Casino V. J. D., Jr., 2009) Social Geography: A Critical Introduction, Wiley Blackwell.
- 3. Cater J. and Jones T., 2000: Social Geography: An Introduction to Contemporary Issues, Hodder Arnold.
- 4. Holt L., 2011: Geographies of Children, Youth and Families: An International Perspective, Taylor & Francis.
- 5. Panelli R., 2004: Social Geographies: From Difference to Action, Sage.
- 6. Rachel P., Burke M., Fuller D., Gough J., Macfarlane R. and Mowl G., 2001: *Introducing Social Geographies*, Oxford University Press.
- 7. Smith D. M., 1977: *Human geography: A Welfare Approach*, Edward Arnold, London.
- 8. Smith D. M., 1994: Geography and Social Justice, Blackwell, Oxford.
- 9. Smith S. J., Pain R., Marston S. A., Jones J. P., 2009: *The SAGE Handbook of Social Geographies*, Sage Publications.
- 10. Sopher, David (1980): An Exploration of India, Cornell University Press, Ithasa
- 11. Valentine G., 2001: Social Geographies: Space a

ELECTIVE GENERIC PAPERS GE 1 (6 C)

GGRM GE 101AT6: DISASTER MANAGEMENT

84 HOURS/ LECTURES

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware about the concepts of hazards, disasters, risk and vulnerability. In this paper an attempt has been made to prepare the students about the Do's And Don'ts during and post disaster.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Disasters: Definition and Concepts:	10	5	
	Hazards, Disasters; Risk and			
	Vulnerability;			
	Classification			
	2. Disasters in India: (a) Flood: Causes,	12	6	
	Impact, Distribution and Mapping;			
	Landslide:			
	Causes, Impact, Distribution and			
	Mapping; Drought: Causes, Impact,			
DISASTER	Distribution and			
MANAGEMENT	Mapping			
	3. Disasters in India: (b) Earthquake and	12	6	
	Tsunami: Causes, Impact, Distribution			
	and			
	Mapping; Cyclone: Causes, Impact,			
	Distribution and Mapping.			
	4. Manmade disasters: Causes, Impact,	10	5	
	Distribution and Mapping			
	5. Response and Mitigation to Disasters:	12	6	
	Mitigation and Preparedness, NDMA and			
	NIDM;			
	Indigenous Knowledge and Community-			
	Based Disaster Management; Do's and			
	Don'ts			
	During and Post Disasters			

- 8. Government of India. (1997) Vulnerability Atlas of India. New Delhi, Building Materials & Technology Promotion Council, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India
- 9. Kapur, A. (2010) Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- 10. Modh, S. (2010) Managing Natural Disaster: Hydrological, Marine and GeologicalDisasters, Macmillan, Delhi.
- 11. Singh, R.B. (2005) Risk Assessment and Vulnerability Analysis, IGNOU, New Delhi.Chapter 1, 2 and 3

- 12. Singh, R. B. (ed.), (2006) Natural Hazards and Disaster Management: Vulnerability and Mitigation, Rawat Publications, New Delhi.
- 13. Sinha, A. (2001). Disaster Management: Lessons Drawn and Strategies for Future, NewUnited Press, New Delhi.
- 14. Stoltman, J.P. et al. (2004) International Perspectives on Natural Disasters, Kluwer Academic Publications. Dordrecht.
- 15. Singh Jagbir (2007) "Disaster Management Future Challenges and Oppurtunities", 2007. Publisher- I.K. International Pvt. Ltd. S-25, Green Park Extension, Uphaar Cinema Market, New Delhi, India (www.ikbooks.com).

GE 1

GGRM GE 101BT6: GEOGRAPHY OF TOURISM

84HOURS/ LECTURES

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware about the scope and nature of tourism. The students will also learn about the impact of tourism in the economy, environment and society)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Scope and Nature: Concepts and Issues, Tourism, Recreation and Leisure Inter-Relations; Geographical Parameters of Tourism by Robinson.	12	6	
GEOGRAPHY	2. Type of Tourism: Nature Tourism, Cultural Tourism, Medical Tourism, Pilgrimage	10	6	
OF TOURISM	3. Recent Trends of Tourism: International and Regional; Domestic (India); Eco-Tourism, Sustainable Tourism, Meetings Incentives Conventions and Exhibitions (MICE)	12	5	
	4. Impact of Tourism: Economy; Environment; Society	10	5	
	5. Tourism in India: Tourism Infrastructure; Case Studies of Himalaya, Desert and Coastal Areas; National Tourism Policy	12	6	

- 1. Dhar, P.N. (2006) International Tourism: Emerging Challenges and Future Prospects. Kanishka, New Delhi.
- 2. Hall, M. and Stephen, P. (2006) Geography of Tourism and Recreation Environment, Place and Space, Routledge, London.
- 3. Kamra, K. K. and Chand, M. (2007) Basics of Tourism: Theory, Operation and Practise, Kanishka Publishers, Pune.
- 4. Page, S. J. (2011) Tourism Management: An Introduction, Butterworth-Heinemann-USA. Chapter 2.
- 5. Raj, R. and Nigel, D. (2007) Morpeth Religious Tourism and Pilgrimage Festivals Management: An International perspective by, CABI, Cambridge, USA, www.cabi.org.
- 6. Tourism Recreation and Research Journal, Center for Tourism Research and Development, Lucknow
- 7. Singh Jagbir (2014) "Eco-Tourism" Published by I.K. International Pvt. Ltd. S-25, Green Park Extension, Uphaar Cinema Market, New Delhi, India (www.ikbooks.com).

GE 2 (6 C)

GGRM GE 201AT6: SPATIAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY 84 HOURS/ LECTURES

(The main objective of this paper is to enlightened the students about the application of various spatial information technologies and the data used for spatial information.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Introduction: Definitions, Concept and	12	6	
	Historical Development			
	2. Spatial Information/Data: Web data sources;	12	6	
	Registration and projection; Data structures;			
SPATIAL	Data interpolation and modeling.			
INFORMATION				
TECHNOLOGY	3. Working of spatial information system	10	5	
I ECIL (OE OCT	4. Functions of Spatial information system:	12	6	
	Information retrieval; Topological modeling;			
	Networks; Overlay; Data output.			
	5. Application of Spatial Information	10	5	
	Technology			

Reading List

1. C. Esperança and H. Samet, An overview of the SAND spatial database system, to appear in

Communications of the ACM, 1997. http://www.cs.umd.edu/~hjs/pubs/sandprog.ps.gz

- 2. G. Hjaltason and H. Samet, Ranking in Spatial Databases in Advances in Spatial Databases —4th Symposium, SSD'95, M. J. Egenhofer and J. R. Herring, Eds., Lecture Notes in Computer
- Science 951, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1995, 83-95. http://www.cs.umd.edu/~hjs/pubs/incnear.ps
- 3. H. Samet, Spatial Data Structures in Modern Database Systems: The Object Model, Interoperability, and Beyond, W. Kim, Ed., Addison-Wesley/ACM Press, 1995, 361-385. http://www.cs.umd.edu/~hjs/pubs/kim.ps
- 4. H. Samet, Applications of Spatial Data Structures: Computer Graphics, Image Processing, and
- GIS, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1990. ISBN 0-201-50300-0.
- 6. H. Samet, The Design and Analysis of Spatial Data Structures, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1990. ISBN 0-201-50255-0.
- 7. H. Samet and W. G. Aref, Spatial Data Models and Query Processing in Modern Database Systems: The Object Model, Interoperability, and Beyond, W. Kim, Ed., Addison-Wesley/ACM

Press, 1995, 338-360. http://www.cs.umd.edu/~his/pubs/kim2.ps

8. C. D. Tomlin, Geographic Information Systems and Cartographic Modeling, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, 1990. ISBN 0-13-350927-3.

(The main objective of this paper is to introduce the student about the basic of regions and the need of regional planning in India. The students will also learn about the strategies and models used for regional planning.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Definition of Region, Evolution, Types and	12	6	
	Need of Regional planning: Formal,			
	Functional, and Planning Regions and Regional			
	Development.			
	2. Regional Imbalances and Problems of	10	5	
	Functional Regions.			
	3. Choice of a Region for Planning:	12	6	
	Characteristics of an Ideal Planning Region;			
REGIONAL	Delineation of Planning Region;			
DEVELOPMENT	Regionalization of India for Planning (Agro			
	Ecological			
	Zones)			
	4. Strategies/Models for Regional Planning:	10	5	
	Growth Pole Model of Perroux; Growth Centre			
	Model in Indian Context; Village Cluster			
	5. Problem Regions and Regional Planning:	12	6	
	Backward Regions and Regional Plans- Special			
	Area Development Plans in India; DVC-The			
	Success Story and the Failures.			

Reading List

1. Adell, Germán (1999) Literature Review: Theories and Models Of The Peri-Urban Interface: A Changing Conceptual Landscape, Peri-urban Research Project Team, Development Planning

Unit, University College London at

- 2. Bhatt, L.S. (1976) Micro Level Planning in India. KB Publication, Delhi
- 3. Deshpande C. D., 1992: India: A Regional Interpretation, ICSSR, New Delhi.
- 4. Dreze J. and A. Sen, Indian Development: Select Regional Perspectives (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1996).
- 5. Ses, Amratya (2000) Development as Freedom. Random House, Toronto
- 6. Raza, M., Ed. (1988). Regional Development. Contributions to Indian Geography. New Delhi,

Heritage Publishers.

- 7. Rapley, John (2007) Understanding Development: Theory and Practice in the 3rd World. Lynne Rienner, London.
- 8. Schmidt-Kallert, Einhard (2005) A Short Introduction to Micro-Regional Planning, Food and

Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)

9. Sdyasuk Galina and P Sengupta (1967): *Economic Regionalisation of India*, Census of India

GE 3 (6 C)

GGRM GE 301AT6: CLIMATE CHANGE: VULNERABILITY AND ADAPTATION 84 HOURS/LECTURES

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students understand climate change and the factors responsible for such changes. The students will also learn about the various negative impact of climate change on flora and fauna and its mitigations.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	Т	P
	1. Science of Climate Change: Understanding Climate Change; Green House Gases and Global Warming; Global Climatic Assessment- IPCC	12	6	
CI IMATE	2. Climate Change and Vulnerability: Physical Vulnerability; Economic Vulnerability; Social Vulnerability	12	6	
CLIMATE CHANGE: VULNERABILITY AND ADAPTATION	3. Impact of Climate Change: Agriculture and Water; Flora and Fauna; Human Health	10	5	
	4. Adaptation and Mitigation: Global Initiatives with Particular Reference to South Asia.	10	6	
	5. National Action Plan on Climate Change; Local Institutions (Urban Local Bodies, Panchayats)	12	5	

Further Readings

1. IPCC. (2007) Climate Change 2007: Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability. Contribution of Working

Group II to the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

2. IPCC (2014) Climate Change 2014: Impacts, Adaptation, and Vulnerability. Part A: Global and Sectoral Aspects. Contribution of Working Group II to the Fifth Assessment Report of the

Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United

Kingdom and New York, NY, USA.

3. IPCC (2014) Climate Change 2014: Impacts, Adaptation, and Vulnerability. Part B: Regional

Aspects. Contribution of Working Group II to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA.

4. Palutikof, J. P., van der Linden, P. J. and Hanson, C. E. (eds.), Cambridge University Press.

Cambridge, UK.

- 5. OECD. (2008) Climate Change Mitigation: What Do we Do? Organisation and Economic Cooperation and Development.
- 6. UNEP. (2007) Global Environment Outlook: GEO4: Environment for Development, United Nations Environment Programme.
- 7. Singh, M., Singh, R.B. and Hassan, M.I. (Eds.) (2014) Climate change and biodiversity: Proceedings of IGU Rohtak Conference, Volume 1. Advances in Geographical and Environmental Studies, Springer
- 8. Sen Roy, S. and Singh, R.B. (2002) Climate Variability, Extreme Events and Agricultural Productivity in Mountain Regions, Oxford & IBH Pub., New Delhi.

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students understand meaning of rural development and the impact of rural economies on the economy of the country.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1.Defining Development: Inter-Dependence	12	6	
	of Urban and Rural Sectors of the Economy;			
	Need for Rural Development, Gandhian			
	Approach of Rural Development.			
	2.Rural Economic Base: Panchayatiraj	12	6	
	System, Agriculture and Allied Sectors,			
	Seasonality and Need for Expanding Non-			
	Farm Activities, Co-operatives, PURA.			
RURAL	3.Area Based Approach to Rural	10	6	
DEVELOPMENT	Development: Drought Prone Area			
	Programmes, PMGSY.			
	4.Target Group Approach to Rural	10	5	
	Development: SJSY, MNREGA, Jan Dhan			
	Yojana and Rural			
	Connectivity.			
	5.Provision of Services – Physical and Socio-	12	5	
	Economic Access to Elementary Education			
	and Primary Health Care and Micro credit			

Reading List

- 1. Gilg A. W., 1985: An Introduction to Rural Geography, Edwin Arnold, London.
- 2. Krishnamurthy, J. 2000: Rural Development Problems and Prospects, Rawat Publs., Jaipur
- 3. Lee D. A. and Chaudhri D. P. (eds.), 1983: Rural Development and State, Methuen, London.
- 4. Misra R. P. and Sundaram, K. V. (eds.), 1979: Rural Area Development: Perspectives and Approaches, Sterling, New Delhi.
- 5. Misra, R. P. (ed.), 1985: Rural Development: Capitalist and Socialist Paths, Vol. 1, Concept,

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- 6. Palione M., 1984: Rural Geography, Harper and Row, London.
- 7. Ramachandran H. and Guimaraes J.P.C., 1991: *Integrated Rural Development in Asia Leaning from Recent Experience*, Concept Publishing, New Delhi.
- 8. Robb P. (ed.), 1983: Rural South Asia: Linkages, Change and Development, Curzon Press.
- 9. UNAPDI 1986:Local Level Planning and Rural Development: Alternative Strategies. (United

Nations Asian & Pacific Development Institute, Bangkok), Concept Publs. Co., New Delhi. 10. Wanmali S., 1992: Rural Infrastructure Settlement Systems and Development of the Regional

Economy in South India, International Food Policy Research Institute, Washington, D.C.

11. Yugandhar, B. N. and Mukherjee, Neela (eds.) 1991: *Studies in Village India: Issues in Rural Development*, Concept Publs. Co., New Delhi

GE 4 (6 C)

GGRM GE401AT6: INDUSTRIAL GEOGRAPHY 84 HOURS/LECTURES

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware about the nature and scope of industrial geography. The students will also know about the various industrial policies of India and impact of industries in the environment, society and economy of India.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Nature and Scope of Industrial Geography	8	5	
	2. Types, Geographical Characteristics and	15	7	
	Location of Industries (Weber's Theory): Small			
	and Medium Industries, Heavy Industries: Coal			
	and Iron based industries, Rural based Industries,			
	Footloose Industry.			
INDUSTRIAL	3. Mega Industrial Complexes: National Capital	15	7	
GEOGRAPHY	Region, Mumbai-Pune Industrial Region,			
	Bengaluru-Chennai Industrial Region and Chota			
	Nagpur Industrial Region			
	4. Impact of Industrialisation in India:	8	5	
	Environmental; Social and Economic			
	10	4		

- 1. Alexander J.W. (1979). Economic Geography, Printice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Goh Cheng Leong (1997). "Human and economic geography", Oxford University Press, New York.
- 3. Thoman, R.S., Conkling E.C. and Yeates, M.H. (1968). Geography of Economic Activity, McGraw Hill Book Company, 1968.
- 4. Miller, E. (1962) Geography of Manufacturing Printice Hall Englewood Cliff, New Jersey
- 5. Gunnar Alexandersson (1967). "Geography of Manufacturing, Prentice Hall, New Jersey Truman, A. Harishorn, John W. Alexander (2000) "Economic Geography", Prentice Hall of India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 6. Singh, Jagdish 2003: *India A Comprehensive & Systematic Geography*, Gyanodaya Prakashan, Gorakhpur.
- 7. Tirtha, Ranjit 2002: Geography of India, Rawat Publs., Jaipur & New Delhi.
- 8. Pathak, C. R. 2003: *Spatial Structure and Processes of Development in India*. Regional Science Assoc., Kolkata.
- 9. Tiwari, R.C. (2007) Geography of India. Prayag Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad
- 10. Sharma, T.C. (2013) Economic Geography of India. Rawat Publication, Jaipur

(The main objective of this paper is to make the students understand the basic concept and history of development of sustainable development. The students will also know about the role of various agencies in sustainable development.)

TITLE	UNITS	L	T	P
	1. Sustainable Development: Definition, Components, Limitations and Historical Background.	9	5	
	2. The Millennium Development Goals: National Strategies and International Experiences	9	5	
	3. Sustainable Regional Development: Need and examples from different Ecosystems.	9	5	
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT	4. Inclusive Development: Education, Health; Climate Change: The role of higher education in sustainable development; The human right to health; Poverty and disease; The Challenges of Universal Health Coverage; Policies and Global Cooperation for Climate Change	15	7	
	5. Sustainable Development Policies and Programmes: The proposal for SDGs at Rio+20; Illustrative SDGs; Goal-Based Development; Financing for Sustainable Development; Principles of Good Governance; National Environmental Policy, CDM.	14	6	

- 1. Agyeman, Julian, Robert D. Bullard and Bob Evans (Eds.) (2003) Just Sustainabilities: Development in an Unequal World. London: Earthscan. (Introduction and conclusion.).
- 2. Ayers, Jessica and David Dodman (2010) "Climate change adaptation and development I: the state of the debate". Progress in Development Studies 10 (2): 161-168.
- 3. Baker, Susan (2006) Sustainable Development. Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxon; New York, N.Y.: Routledge. (Chapter 2, "The concept of sustainable development").
- 4. Brosius, Peter (1997) "Endangered forest, endangered people: Environmentalist representations of indigenous knowledge", Human Ecology 25: 47-69.
- 5. Lohman, Larry (2003) "Re-imagining the population debate". Corner House Briefing 28.
- 6. Martínez-Alier, Joan et al (2010) "Sustainable de-growth: Mapping the context, criticisms and future prospects of an emergent paradigm" Ecological Economics 69: 1741-1747.
- 7. Merchant, Carolyn (Ed.) (1994) Ecology. Atlantic Highlands, N.J. Humanities Press. (Introduction, pp 1-25.)
- 8. Osorio, Leonardo et al (2005) "Debates on sustainable development: towards a holistic view of reality". Environment, Development and Sustainability 7: 501-518.
- 9. Robbins, Paul (2004) Political Ecology: A Critical Introduction. Blackwell Publishing.